

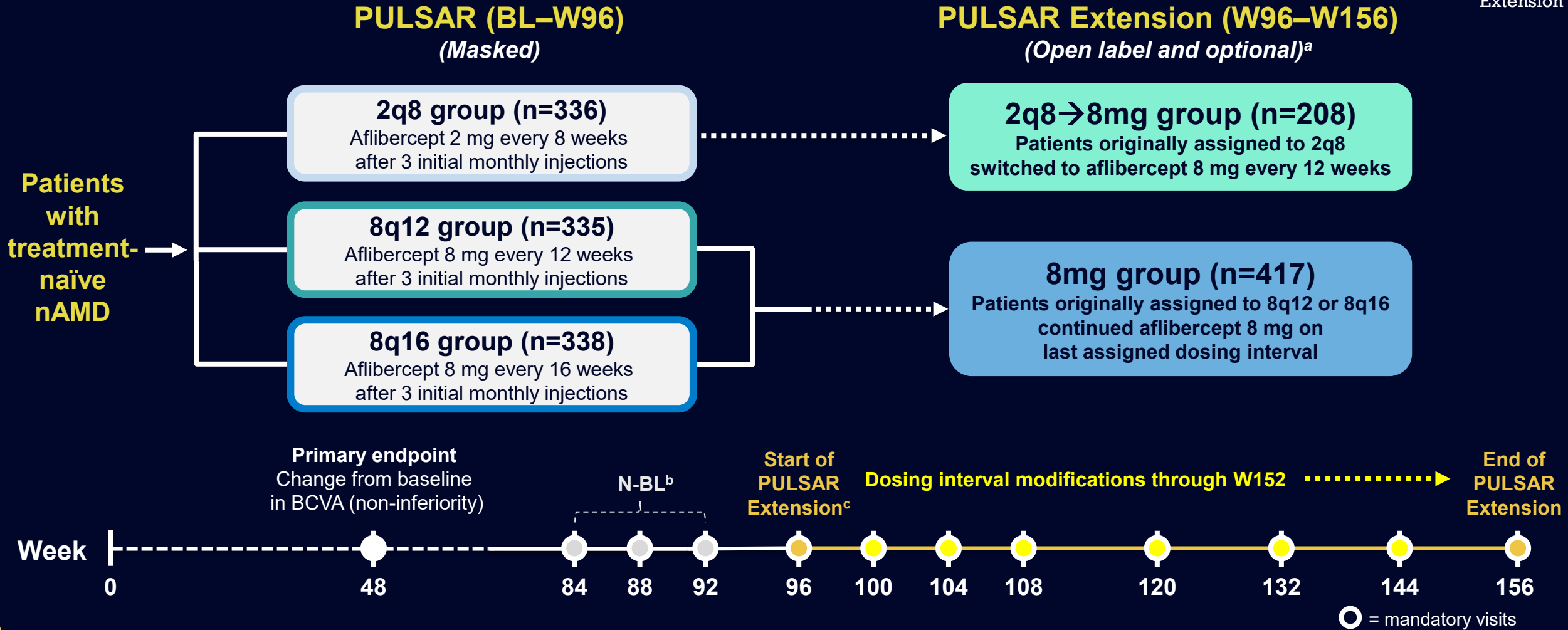


## **PULSAR Extension: 156-week retinal fluid and PED outcomes in patients with nAMD receiving aflibercept 8mg**

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on behalf of the PULSAR study investigators**

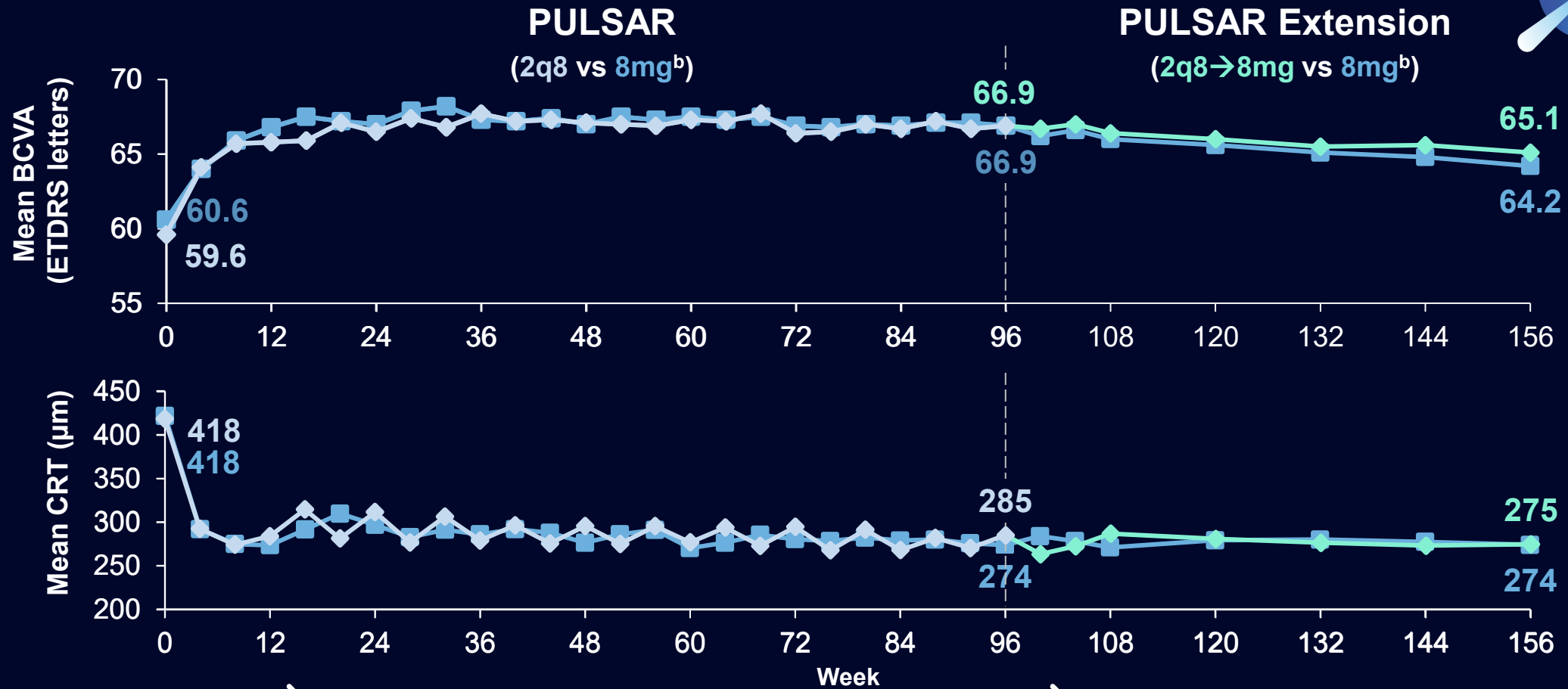
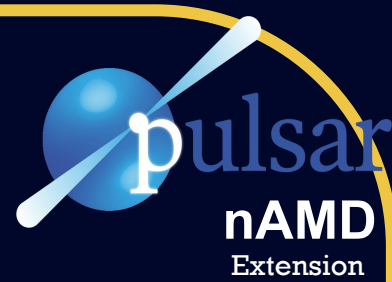
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# PULSAR Extension Design




<sup>a</sup>To be eligible for PULSAR Extension, patients were required to have  $\geq 1$  BCVA and CRT assessments between Week 84 and Week 92. Masked transition period (W96–108) was followed by open-label part (W108–W156). <sup>b</sup>N-BL was an average of values from W84, W88, and W92. <sup>c</sup>Optional phase added while PULSAR was ongoing; therefore, not all patients were able to enroll due to time constraints. **2q8**, aflibercept 2 mg every 8 weeks; **8q12**, aflibercept 8 mg every 12 weeks; **8q16**, aflibercept 8 mg every 16 weeks; **BCVA**, best-corrected visual acuity; **BL**, baseline; **CRT**, central subfield retinal thickness; **nAMD**, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; **N-BL**, new baseline; **W**, week.

# Mean BCVA and CRT Through Week 156<sup>a</sup>

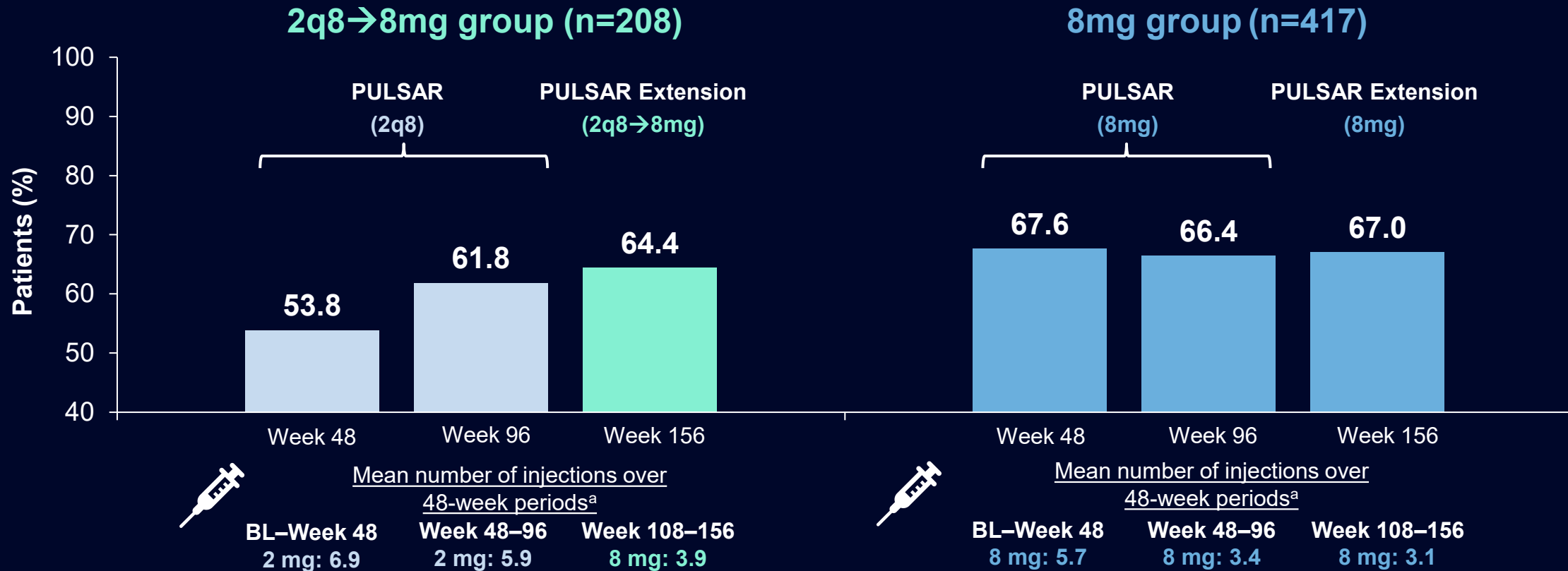


 Mean number of injections from baseline to Week 96 (96 weeks)<sup>c</sup>  
 2 mg: 12.8  
 8 mg: 9.0

 Mean number of injections from Week 96 to Week 156 (60 weeks)<sup>c</sup>  
 8 mg: 4.9  
 8 mg: 3.9

No new safety signals were identified through 156 weeks. The safety profile remained consistent with previous findings.  
 Note: At Week 156, the 2q8→8mg group (n=208) and 8mg group (n=417) reported LS mean (95% CI) changes from BL (MMRM) in BCVA of +4.6 (2.6, 6.6) letters and +3.4 (1.9, 4.9) letters, respectively, and in CRT of -145 (-155, -136) µm and -148 (-156, -140) µm, respectively. MMRM was used to generate BCVA/CRT LS means for the eFAS with BL BCVA/CRT as a covariate; treatment group (aflibercept 8q12, 8q16, 2q8), visit, and stratification variables (geographic region [Japan vs rest of the world] and BL BCVA [ $<60$  vs  $\geq 60$  letters]) as fixed factors; and terms for the interaction between visit and BL BCVA/CRT and the interaction between visit and treatment. <sup>a</sup>eFAS (observed cases). <sup>b</sup>Patients who were randomly assigned to the 8q12 or 8q16 groups at the beginning of the PULSAR study and continued treatment with aflibercept 8 mg through the PULSAR Extension. <sup>c</sup>eSAF (156-week completers; 2q8→8mg, n=186; 8q12, n=185; 8q16, n=190; 8mg, n=375). CI, confidence interval; eSAF, safety analysis set in the PULSAR Extension; ETDRS, Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study; LS, least squares; MMRM, mixed model for repeated measures.

# Fluid Resolution: Patients with No Intraretinal and Subretinal Fluid at Week 156

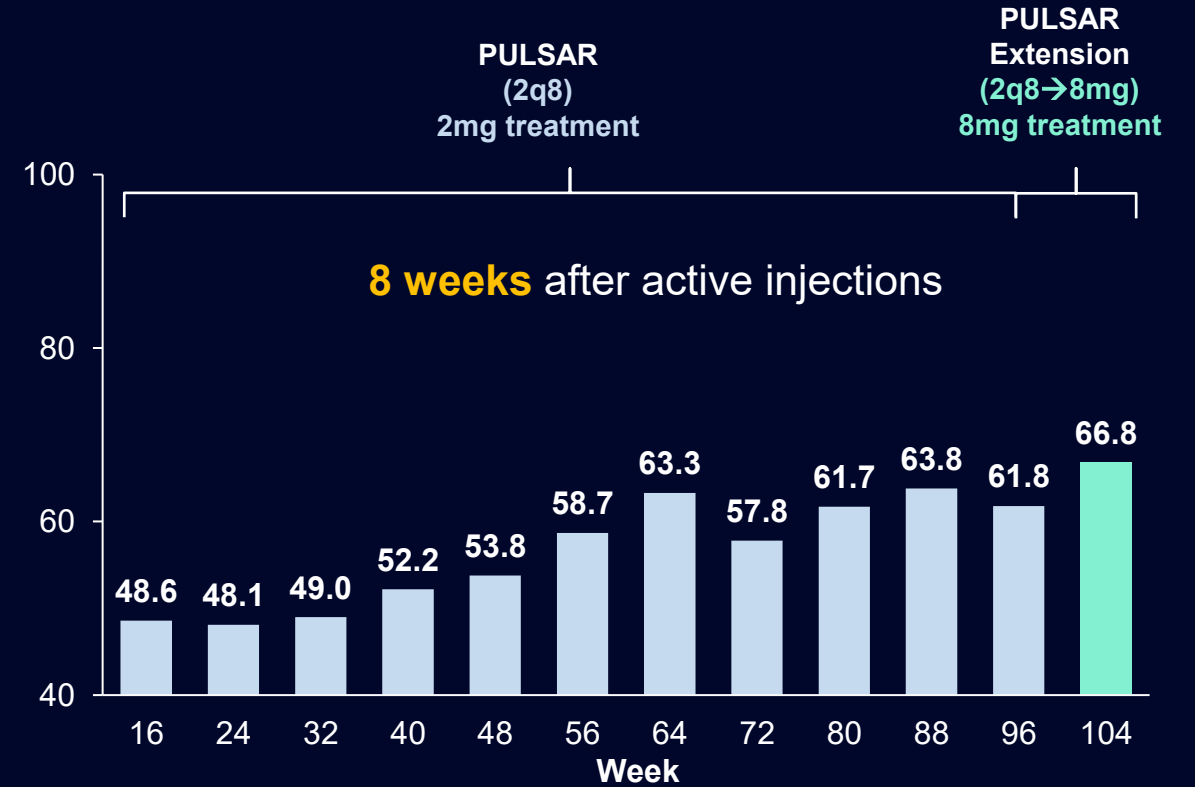
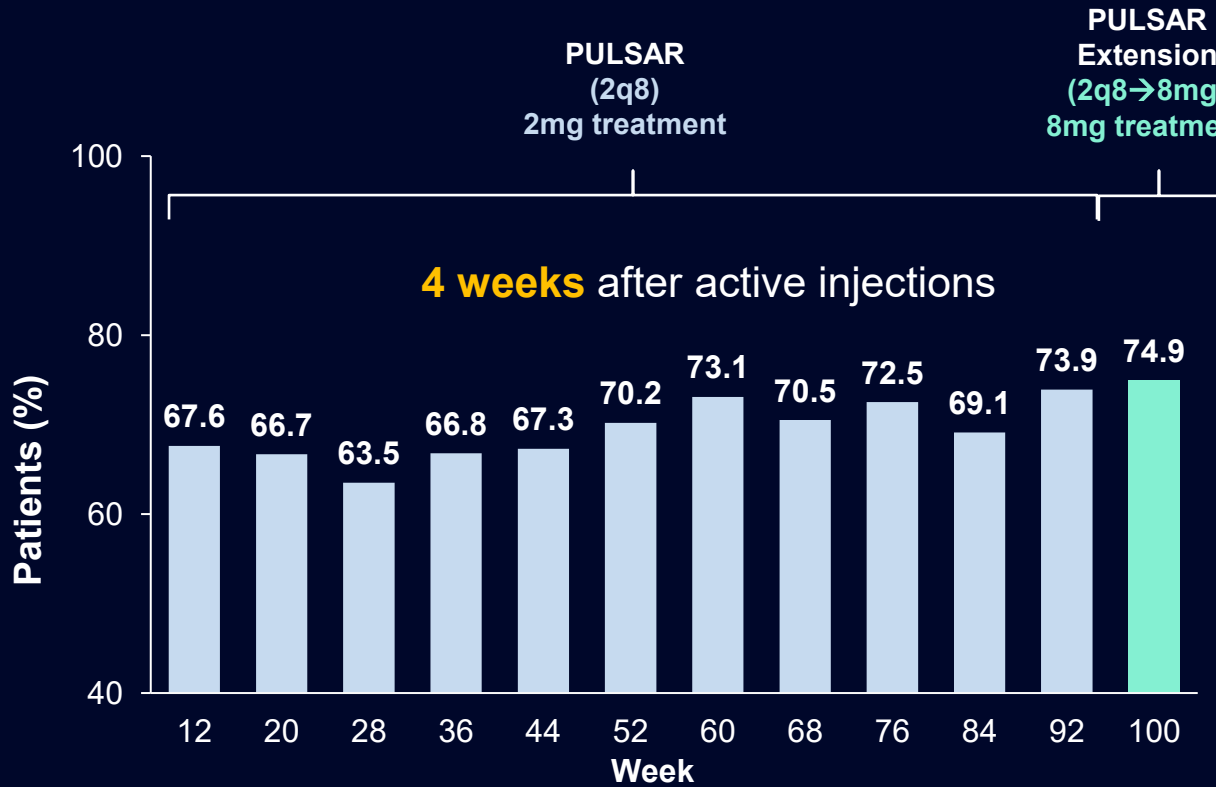


- The proportion of patients with fluid resolution was maintained in the **aflibercept 2q8→8mg** group through 96 weeks and was **sustained after switching to 8 mg** through Week 156
- **Long-term fluid resolution** was observed in the 8mg group with extended dosing intervals through Week 156
- The proportion of patients with fluid resolution was **similar in the 2q8→8mg and 8mg groups** at Week 156

eFAS (LOCF). Fluid resolution defined as no IRF and no SRF in central subfield. Fluid status was evaluated pre-injection. eFAS (LOCF). <sup>a</sup>eSAF (156-week completers; 2q8→8mg, n=186; 8mg, n=375). IRF, intraretinal fluid; LOCF, last observation carried forward; SRF, subretinal fluid.

# 2q8→8mg Group: Patients with Fluid Resolution 4 and 8 Weeks After Active Injections

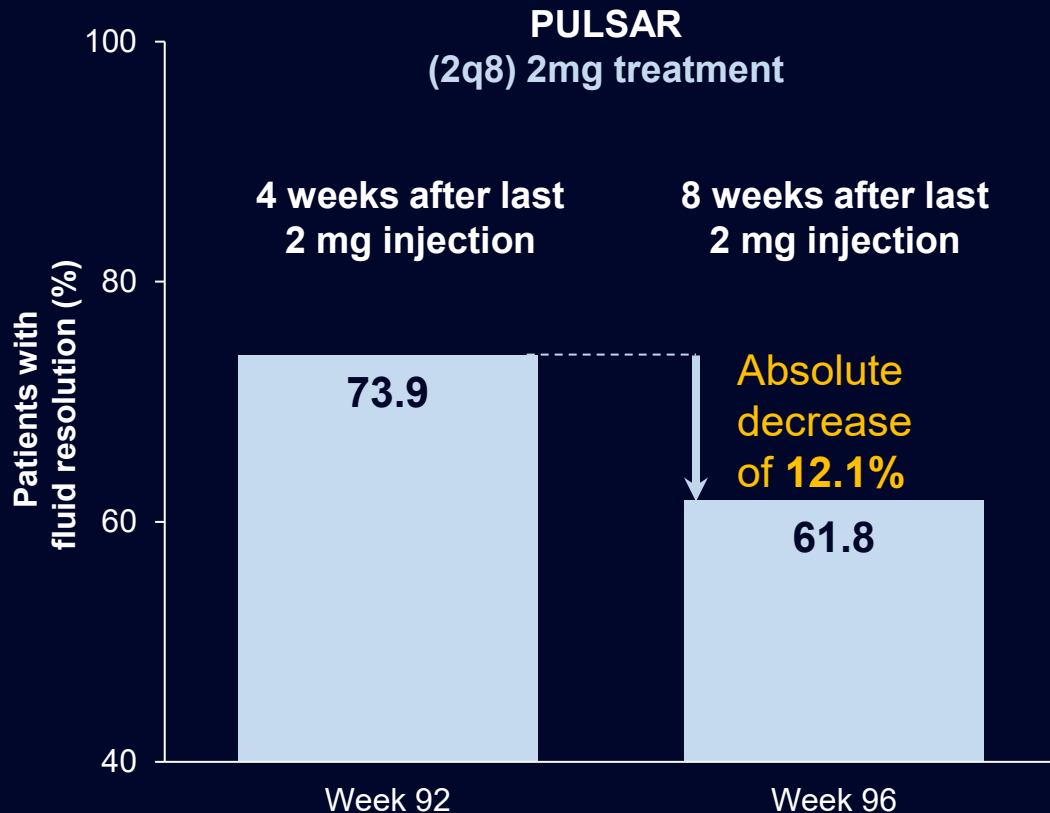
Aflibercept 2q8 dosing regimen through Week 96 of PULSAR																								
Day 1	W4	W8	W12	W16	W20	W24	W28	W32	W36	W40	W44	W48	W52	W56	W60	W64	W68	W72	W76	W80	W84	W88	W92	W96
X	X	X		X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X	o	X



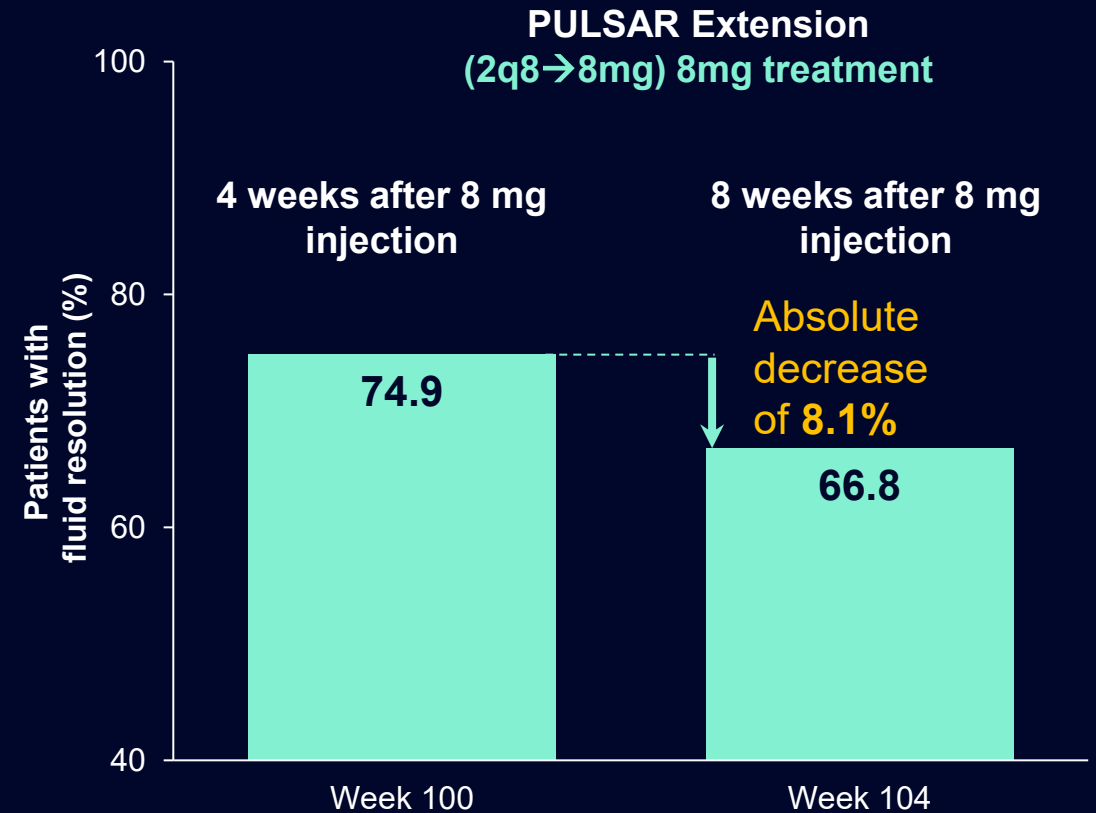
Stippled boxes = initial treatment phase; X = active injection; o = sham injection. eFAS (LOCF). Patients entering the PULSAR extension: 2q8→8mg group (n=208). Presence of fluid was evaluated prior to active injection administration. Aflibercept 2 mg injections were given at Weeks 0, 4 and 8, and then 8-weekly from Week 16 to Week 88. The first aflibercept 8 mg injection was administered at Week 96.

# 2q8→8mg Group: Proportion of Patients with Fluid Resolution 4 and 8 Weeks After Aflibercept 2 mg and 8 mg Injections

Difference in Proportion of Patients with Fluid Resolution 4 and 8 Weeks After the Last 2 mg Injection

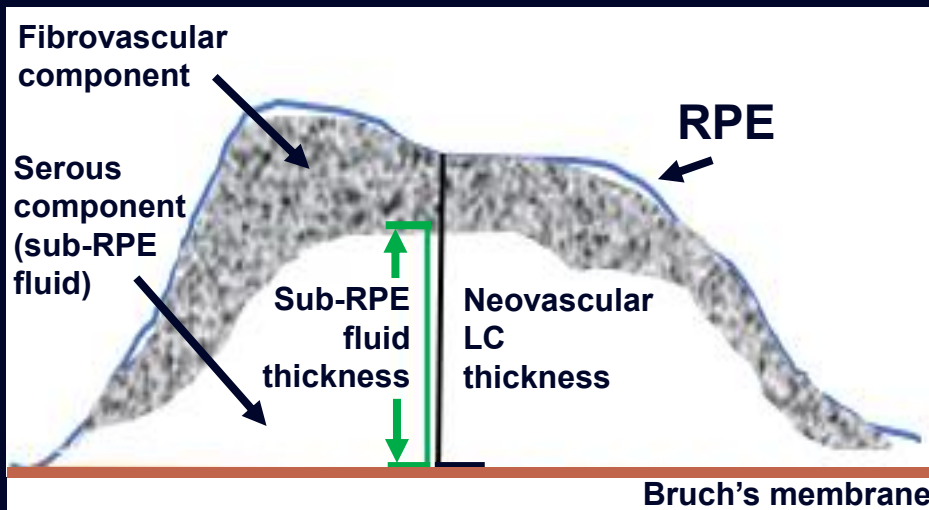


Difference in Proportion of Patients with Fluid Resolution 4 and 8 weeks After the First 8 mg Injection



# Sub-RPE Fluid: PED Outcomes

- Pigment epithelial detachment (PED) is characterized by the separation of the RPE from the Bruch's membrane, resulting in a space that can be filled with fluid, blood, drusen, or fibrovascular material
- The neovascular lesion complex (LC) is comprised of the serous (sub-RPE fluid) and fibrovascular component



## Objective:

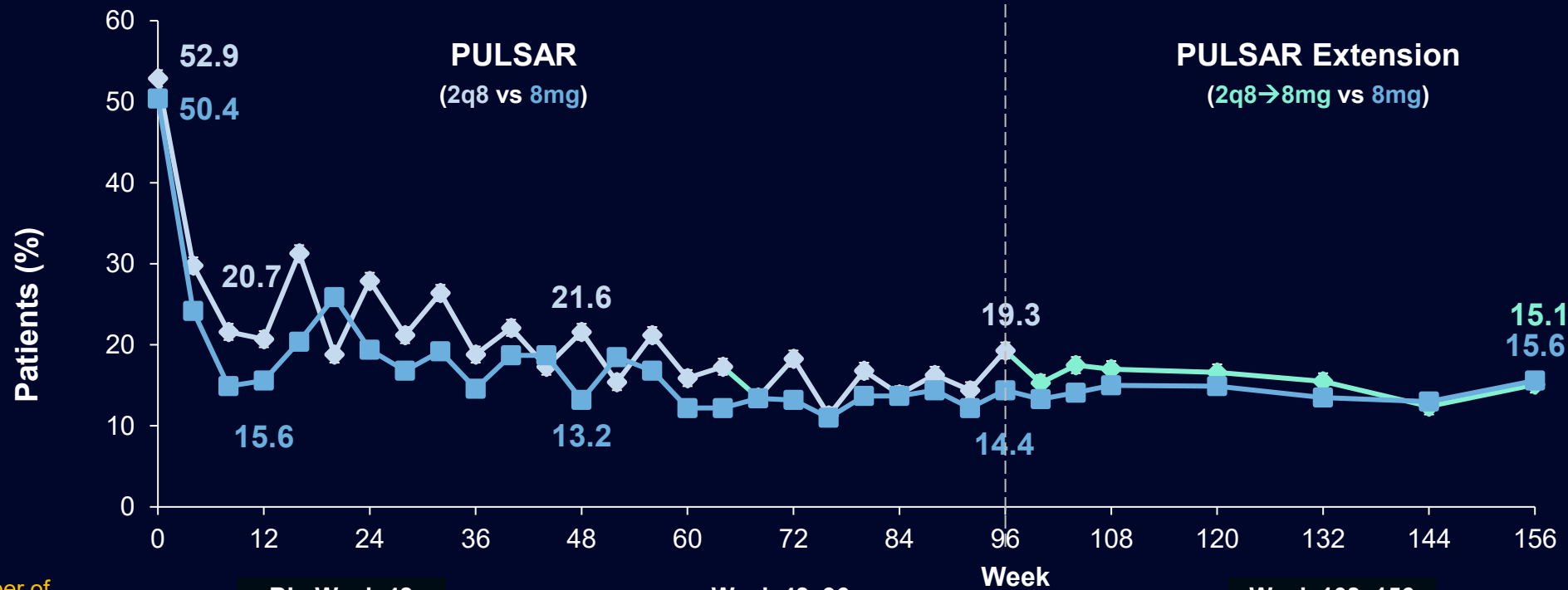
To assess sub-RPE fluid over 156 weeks in patients who switched from aflibercept 2 mg to 8 mg, and who stayed on aflibercept 8 mg


## Outcome measures<sup>a</sup>:

- Proportion of patients with sub-RPE fluid
- Mean thickness of sub-RPE fluid in patients with serous component of PED involving the foveal center

PED characteristics at PULSAR baseline <sup>b</sup>	2q8→8mg (n=208)	All 8mg (n=417)
Patients with sub-RPE fluid, n (%)	110 (52.9)	210 (50.4)
Patients with sub-RPE fluid with involvement of foveal center, n (%)	24 (11.5)	52 (12.5)

# Patients with Presence of Sub-RPE Fluid Through Week 156<sup>a</sup>



 Mean number of active injections over 48-week periods:<sup>b</sup>

**BL-Week 48**  
2 mg: 6.9  
8 mg: 5.7

**Week 48-96**  
2 mg: 5.9  
8 mg: 3.4

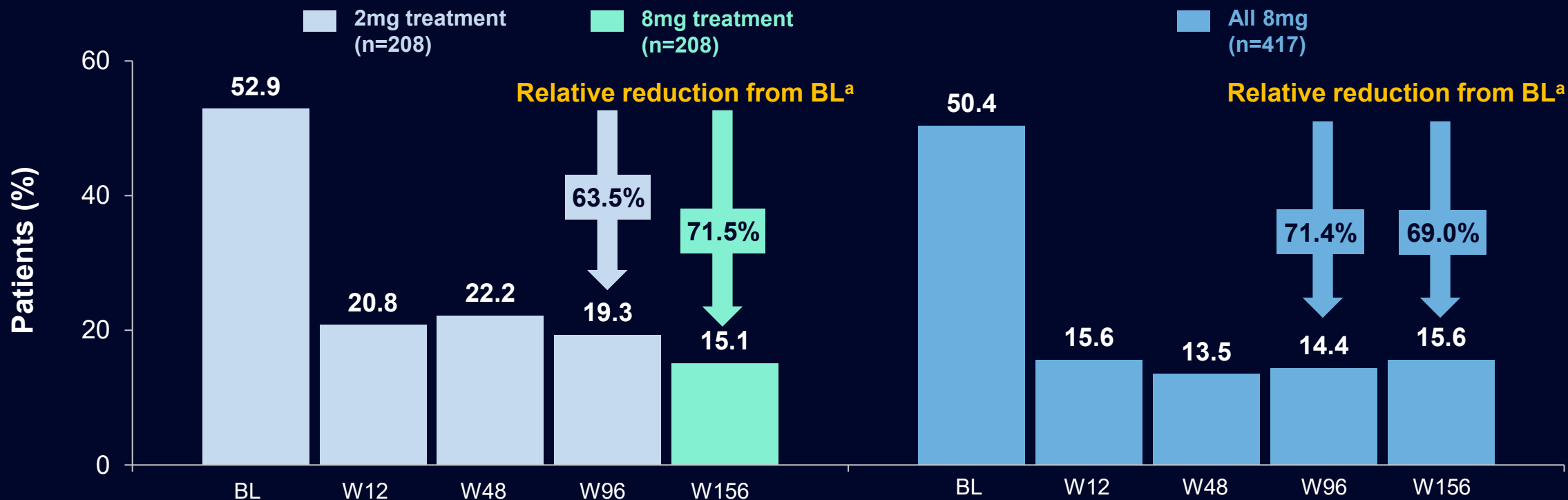
**Week 108-156**  
8 mg: 3.9  
8 mg: 3.1

- At **Week 96**, a **lower proportion** of patients had presence of sub-RPE fluid **with aflibercept 8 mg** than with aflibercept 2 mg
- At **Week 156**, the **proportion of patients** with presence of sub-RPE fluid was **generally maintained in the 8mg group**
- Results in the **2q8→8mg** group were **comparable to those of the 8mg group**, with **fewer aflibercept 8 mg injections** (following the switch) compared with previous aflibercept 2 mg injections over the same time periods

<sup>a</sup>eFAS, observed cases (2q8→8mg, n=208; 8mg, n=417); <sup>b</sup>eSAF (156-week completers; 2q8→8mg, n=186; 8mg, n=375).

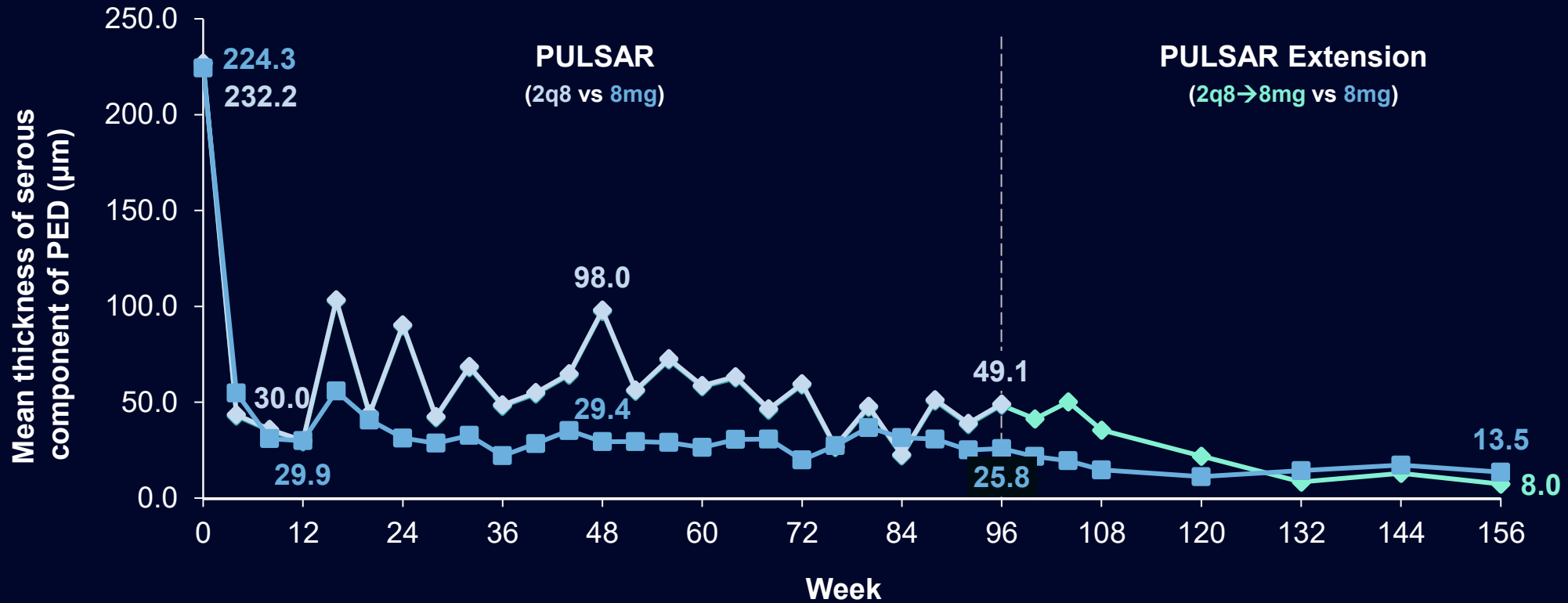
# Reduction of Proportion of Patients with Presence of Sub-RPE Fluid at Key Timepoints

## Patients with presence of sub-RPE fluid



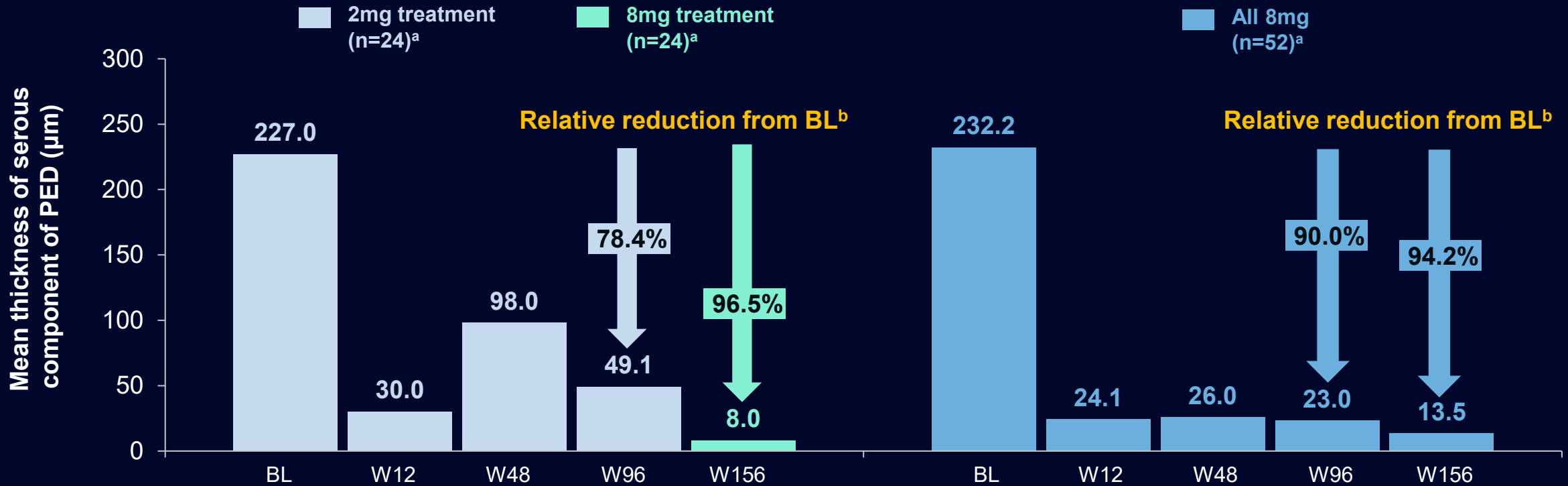
- At Week 96, the proportion of patients with presence of **sub-RPE fluid** decreased from **52.9%** to **19.3%** and from **50.4%** to **14.4%** at **W96** in patients receiving **afibercept 2 mg** and **8 mg**, respectively
- From **W96 to W156**, the proportion of patients with presence of sub-RPE fluid in the **2q8→8mg** group decreased further following **switch to afibercept 8 mg**, while the proportion of patients in the 8mg group remained stable

# Thickness of Sub-RPE Fluid Involving the Foveal Center through Week 156



- **Marked reductions in thickness of sub-RPE fluid** involving the foveal center were achieved with **aflibercept 2 mg and 8 mg** at **Week 12** and **sustained through Week 96**
- **Further reductions** were observed at **Week 156** in patients who **switched from aflibercept 2 mg to 8 mg** and in patients who continued to receive **aflibercept 8 mg**

# Reductions in Thickness of Sub-RPE Fluid Involving the Foveal Center at Key Timepoints

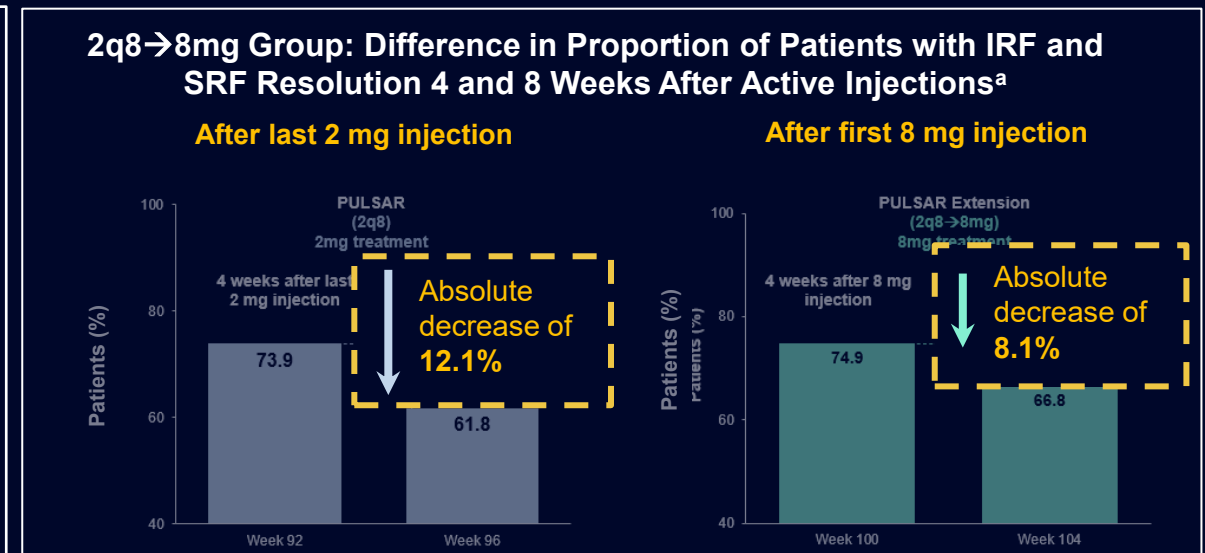
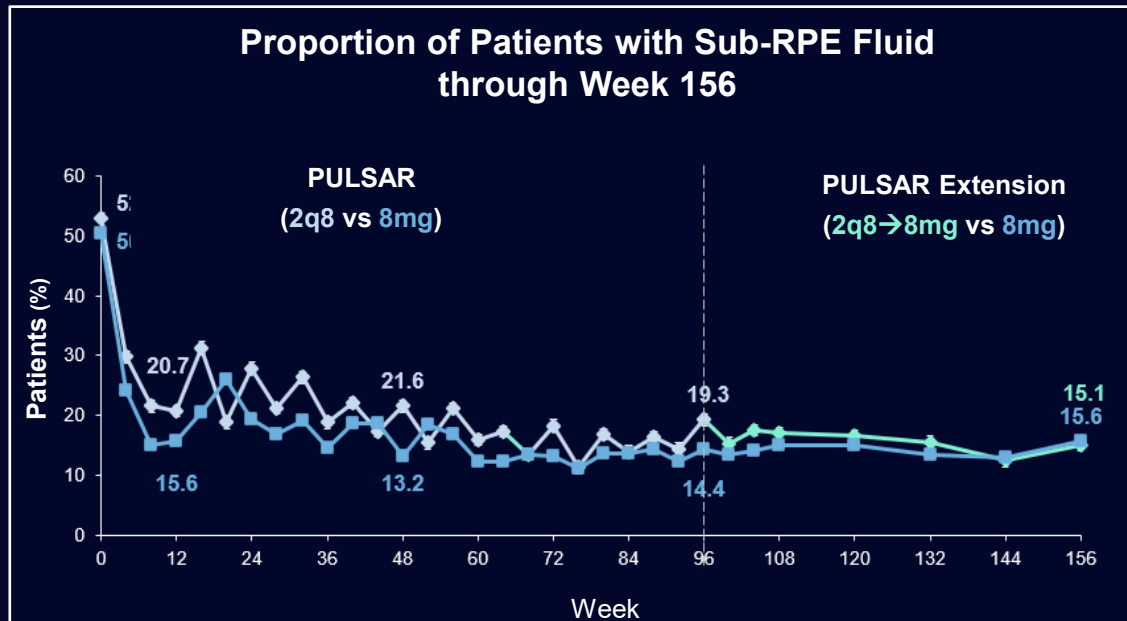


- From **BL to Week 96**, the thickness in sub-RPE fluid involving the foveal center decreased by **78.4%** and **90.0%** in patients who received aflibercept 2 mg and 8 mg, respectively
- **At Week 156**, these values decreased further to **96.5%** in patients who switched from aflibercept 2 mg to 8 mg, and to **94.2%** in those who received aflibercept 8 mg throughout

<sup>a</sup>Patients with sub-RPE fluid presence at center point, observed cases. <sup>b</sup>Calculated as the mean change from BL in thickness of sub-RPE fluid presence at center point at a particular timepoint divided by the BL value, then multiplied by 100.

# Conclusions

- Early **improvements in fluid and PED outcomes** were **generally maintained through Week 96** and **sustained or improved from Week 96 to Week 156** in the following patient groups:
  - **2q8→8mg** group following switch from aflibercept 2 mg to aflibercept 8 mg, with **fewer injections**
  - **8mg** group who had been receiving aflibercept 8 mg over **extended dosing intervals**
- At Week 156, the proportion of patients with IRF, SRF, and sub-RPE **fluid resolution** was **comparable in both groups**
  - In the **2q8→8mg** group, IRF and SRF **re-accumulation** between 4 and 8 weeks was **lower after the first 8 mg injection** in the PULSAR extension compared with after the last 2 mg injection in PULSAR



<sup>a</sup>eFAS (LOCF).